

Black-Owned Small Businesses in Englewood, Chicago: Documenting the Effects of COVID-19 and the Black Lives Matter Movement in 2020

Northwestern
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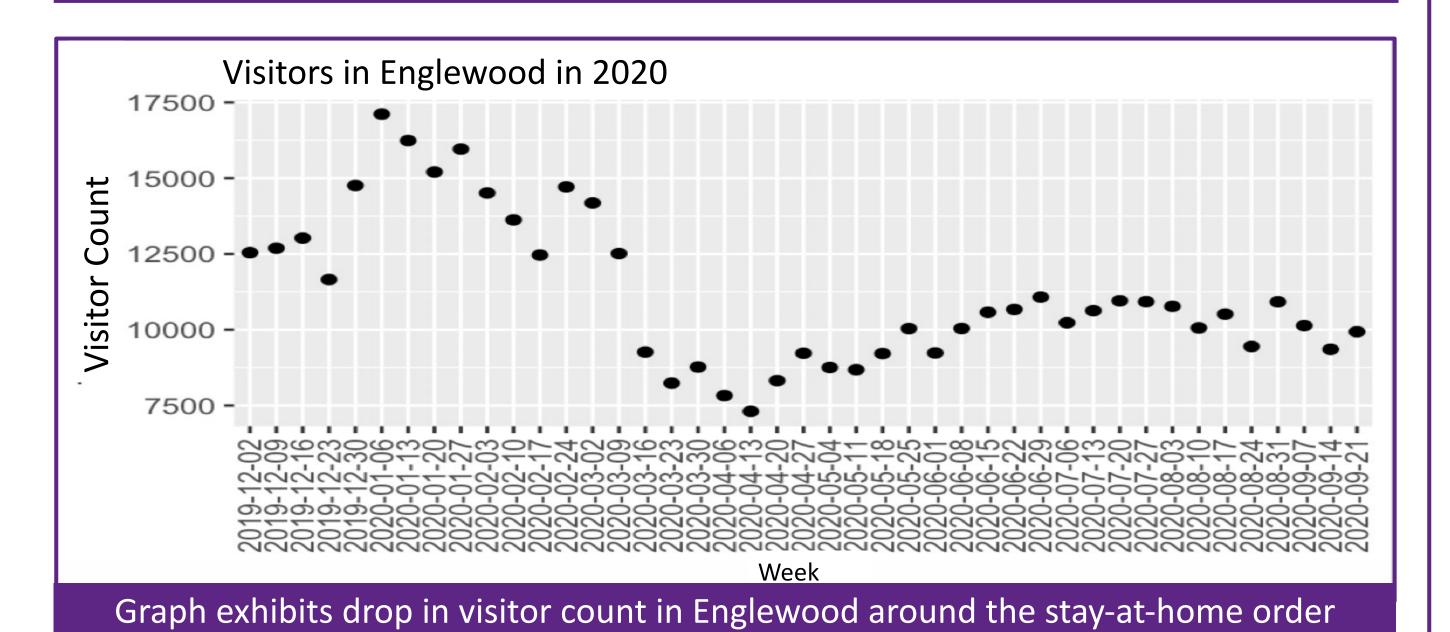
BACKGROUND

2020 crises disproportionately affected Black communities

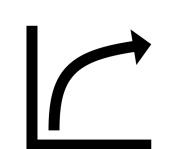
- A disproportionate number of Black-identifying business owners reported not working in April due to COVID-19¹
- Black business owners faced social stress from BLM's prevalence after the murder of George Floyd, and looting in June 2020 damaged Black-owned small business fronts²

Englewood, Chicago was particularly affected by 2020 crises

- For the purposes of this research, the Englewood area contains two adjacent neighborhoods, West Englewood and Englewood³
- Median household income is \$28,000, which is half of Chicago's overall median household income⁴
- Approximately 90% of Englewood residents are Black⁴
- In the Civil Rights Era, looting inhibited economic investment in Englewood for decades⁵



METHODS



Question 1: How was Englewood economically impacted according to foot traffic data?

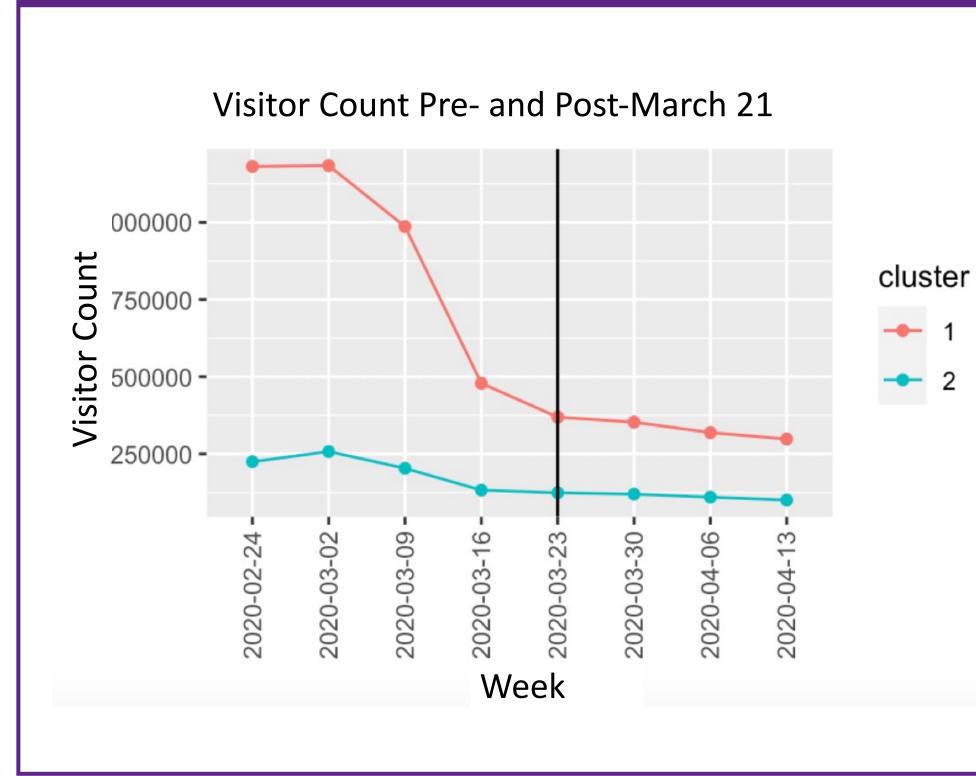
The study used SafeGraph cell phone records to examine 2 events of interest with difference-in-difference analyses:

- 1) March 21 Illinois stay-at-home order
- 2) May 25 murder of George Floyd

Question 2: How was Englewood economically impacted according to business owners' accounts?

Semi-structured interviews with Black-identifying small business owners in Englewood (n=8) provided nuance to quantitative findings by revealing the complexity of the mechanisms by which COVID-19 and BLM activities disproportionately influenced Black communities in Chicago.

EVENT 1: ILLINOIS STAY-AT-HOME ORDER (MARCH 21)

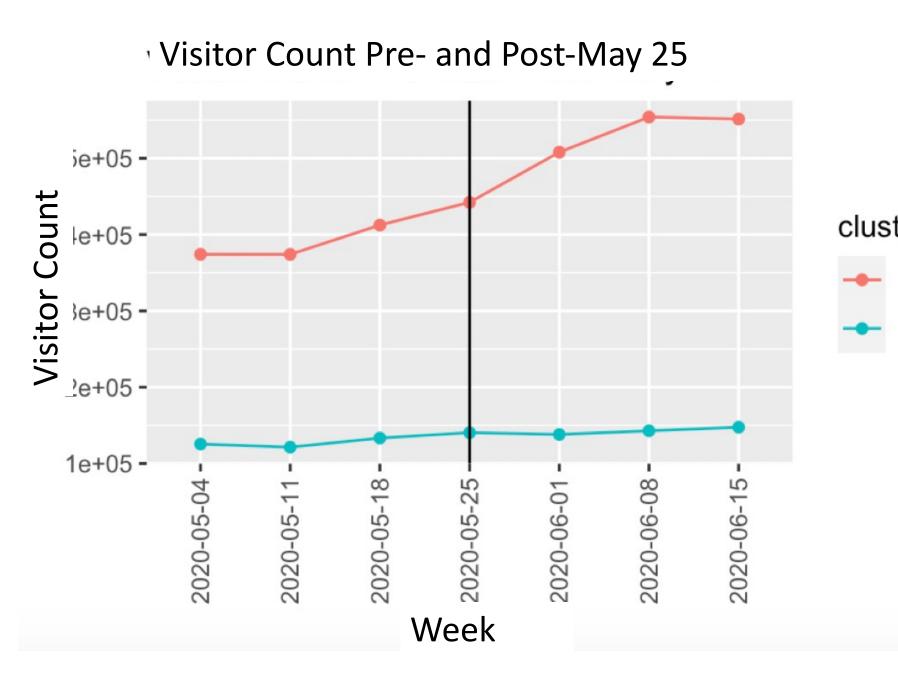


- Businesses in majority-Black neighborhoods (cluster 2) had smaller declines in foot traffic after March 21 than in majority-non-Black neighborhoods (cluster 1)
- Foot traffic in Englewood was not significantly different compared to other majority-Black neighborhoods

Smaller declines in foot traffic are likely attributable to essential workers, as participants discussed economic damage from COVID-19

- Customers in majority-White neighborhoods patronizing Englewood businesses at a lower frequency
- Businesses stopped making food for delivery services due to noncompliance with mask mandates
- Participants cut prices and hours of operation: "COVID hit, so I dropped my prices"

EVENT 2: MURDER OF GEORGE FLOYD (MAY 25)



- Businesses in majority-Black neighborhoods had smaller increases in foot traffic after May 25 as compared to majority-non-Black neighborhoods
- Foot traffic in Englewood was not significantly different compared to other majority-Black neighborhoods

Smaller increases in foot traffic attributable to low protest activity, as participants recounted few protests but significant looting damages

- "Protests come from groups that have a little bit more than what we have. We're more in survival mode than we are in changing mode."
- Participants described looting as "disrespect to the community" and tried to stop looting as it occurred
- Looting negatively impacted participants' social-emotional well-being

CRISIS ADAPTATION

2020 crises necessitated in business model adjustments, but participants still maintained their values

Business Value	2020 Obstacle	Quotation or Solution
Customer service	Novel causes of death (i.e. COVID-19, police-involved shootings)	"It doesn't matter what the cause of death was. We take the necessary precautions regardless of what they died from."
Healthy eating	Low customer disposable income	Participant 3 "found out the thing that was most inexpensive" and began serving a \$6 meal that was affordable and healthy
Customer appreciation	Low business discretionary funds	"The finances weren't coming in. [So] I just took my credit card and went to Sam's Club and spent over \$2,000 just to give back"
	Customer service Healthy eating	Customer service Novel causes of death (i.e. COVID-19, police-involved shootings) Healthy eating Low customer disposable income

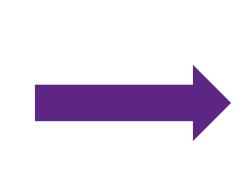
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CONCLUSIONS

The BLM movement, COVID-19 pandemic, and looting **interacted** to affect the experiences of Black-owned business owners in Englewood and other majority-Black neighborhoods, resulting in **financial burden** and **social-emotional** distress.



Business owners exemplified considerable attachment to their business values, modifying operations to maintain their principles. 2020 crises highlighted the influence of Black-owned small businesses in their communities.

"COVID exposed to people what we already knew in Englewood, that we have lacked resources for years. And so hopefully we won't just be a study for the study, but people will take action to bring resources to the community."